

# POS. 5: TYPED IS-CONNECTION

## standard IS-connection

hinged IS-connection acc. to EC 3-1-8 (12.10), NA: Deutschland

the connection type, dimensions of beam, bolts, end-plate resp. angle and material are taken of the following literature:

'Typisierte Anschlüsse im Stahlhochbau nach DIN EN 1993-1-8, Stahlbau Verlags- und Service GmbH, Ausgabe 2013' the current number and associated parameters are recorded. verification method is 'elastic-elastic'. bolts are not preloaded.

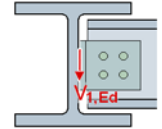
code IS, steel grade S 235, bolt class of bolts 4.6

123: beam section IPE400, bolt size M20, 3 bolt-rows

end-plate:  $t_p = 10$  mm,  $h_p = 220$  mm,  $b_p = 180$  mm,  $w = 100$  mm,  $e_z = 40$  mm,  $p_z = 70$  mm,  $e_x = 40$  mm

$V_{j,Ed}$ : internal forces and moments at hinge

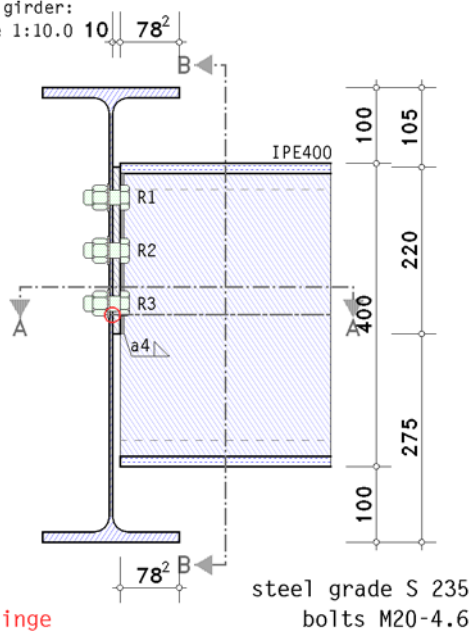
Lk	$V_{j,Ed}$ kN		Lk	$V_{j,Ed}$ kN		Lk	$V_{j,Ed}$ kN	
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1	-68.00	min N	5	-4.22	max $V_\zeta$	9	-7.76	max $V_\eta$
2	-23.21	max N	6	-95.92	min N	10	-116.87	min $V_\zeta$
3	-22.74	min $V_\eta$	7	-33.27	max N	11	-111.22	min T
4	-79.40	min $V_\zeta$	8	-87.48	min $V_\eta$	12	-42.68	max T



## Simple Joint of Beams

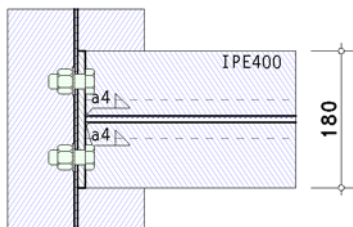
EC 3-1-8 (12.10), NA: Deutschland

main girder:  
scale 1:10.0



○ hinge

section A-A:



## partial safety factors for material

resistance of cross sections  $\gamma_{M0} = 1.00$

resistance of bolts, welds, plates in bearing  $\gamma_{M2} = 1.25$

resistance with tension loads  $\gamma_{Mu} = 1.10$

## Final Result

maximum utilization [Lk 10]: design resistance max  $U = 0.455 < 1$  **ok**.

verification succeeded

## Decisive load case combination

### notes

design resistance of the main girder is not verified.

distances between bolts are not checked.

$$\text{erf } a_w = \beta_w / 2^{1/2} \cdot f_y / f_u \cdot \gamma_{M2} / \gamma_{M0} \cdot t_w = 3.97 \text{ mm}$$

### design resistance of the connection

#### shear force resistance

bolts in shear:

$$\text{design shear resistance per shear plane: } F_{v,Rd} = \alpha_v \cdot f_{ub} \cdot A / \gamma_{M2} = 60.32 \text{ kN, } \alpha_v = 0.60$$

$$\text{design shear resistance total: } V_{Rd,1} = 0.8 \cdot 6 \cdot F_{v,Rd} = 289.5 \text{ kN}$$

end-plate with bearing resistance:

$$\text{bearing resistance: } F_{b,Rd} = (k_1 \cdot \alpha_b \cdot f_u \cdot d \cdot t) / \gamma_{M2} = 87.27 \text{ kN, } k_1 = 2.50, \alpha_b = 0.61$$

$$\text{design bearing resistance total: } V_{Rd,2} = 6 \cdot F_{b,Rd} = 523.6 \text{ kN}$$

end-plate with shear (gross section):

$$\text{shear resistance } V_{Rd} = (A_v \cdot f_y) / (3^{1/2} \cdot \gamma_{M0}) = 298.49 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{shear resistance total: } V_{Rd,3} = 2 \cdot V_{Rd} / 1.27 = 470.1 \text{ kN}$$

end-plate with shear (net section):

$$\text{shear resistance } V_{Rd} = (A_{v,net} \cdot f_u) / (3^{1/2} \cdot \gamma_{M2}) = 256.07 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{shear resistance total: } V_{Rd,4} = 2 \cdot V_{Rd} = 512.1 \text{ kN}$$

end-plate in tension and shear (shear block):

$$l_p = 220.0 \text{ mm} > 1.36 \cdot p_{22} = 136.0 \text{ mm} \text{ and } n_z = 3 > 1:$$

$$\text{shear resistance } V_{\text{eff},Rd} = (0.5 \cdot A_{nt} \cdot f_u) / \gamma_{M2} + (A_{nv} \cdot f_y / 3^{1/2}) / \gamma_{M0} = 253.12 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{shear resistance total: } V_{Rd,5} = 2 \cdot V_{\text{eff},Rd} = 506.2 \text{ kN}$$

end-plate in bending and shear:

$$l_p = 220.0 \text{ mm} > 1.36 \cdot p_{22} = 136.0 \text{ mm}:$$

$$\text{shear resistance total: } V_{Rd,6} = \infty$$

beam web (sb) with shear (next to the weld):

$$\text{shear resistance } V_{Rd} = (A_v \cdot f_y) / (3^{1/2} \cdot \gamma_{M0}) = 256.70 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{shear resistance total: } V_{Rd,7} = 256.7 \text{ kN}$$

**shear resistance: min  $V_{Rd,p} = V_{Rd,7} = 256.7 \text{ kN}$**

required plate thickness from beam web (mg) with bearing resistance:

$$\text{bearing resistance: } F_{b,Rd} = (k_1 \cdot \alpha_b \cdot f_u \cdot d \cdot t) / \gamma_{M2} = 42.78 \text{ kN, } k_1 = 2.50, \alpha_b = 0.81$$

$$\text{erf } t_w = \min V_{Rd,p} / t / (6 \cdot F_{b,Rd}) = 3.67 \text{ mm}$$

## design values

transformation of member forces to the reference point (intersection point of beam axis')

$$M_{1,Ed} = V_{j1,Ed} \cdot e_1 = 0.21 \text{ kNm}, \quad e_1 = -1.8 \text{ mm}$$

$$V_{1,Ed} = V_{j1,Ed} = -116.87 \text{ kN}$$

## verification of the connection

$$V_{Ed} = 116.9 \text{ kN}; \quad V_{Ed} / \min V_{Rd} = 0.455 < 1 \quad \text{ok.}$$

### verification result

maximum utilization:  $\max U = 0.455 < 1$  ok.

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## Regulations

DIN EN 1990, Eurocode 0: Grundlagen der Tragwerksplanung;  
Deutsche Fassung EN 1990:2002 + A1:2005 + A1:2005/AC:2010, Ausgabe Dezember 2010  
DIN EN 1990/NA, Nationaler Anhang zur DIN EN 1990, Ausgabe Dezember 2010

DIN EN 1993-1-1, Eurocode 3: Bemessung und Konstruktion von Stahlbauten -  
Teil 1-1: Allgemeine Bemessungsregeln und Regeln für den Hochbau;  
Deutsche Fassung EN 1993-1-1:2005 + AC:2009, Ausgabe Dezember 2010  
DIN EN 1993-1-1/NA, Nationaler Anhang zur DIN EN 1993-1-1, Ausgabe Dezember 2010

DIN EN 1993-1-8, Eurocode 3: Bemessung und Konstruktion von Stahlbauten -  
Teil 1-8: Bemessung von Anschlüssen;  
Deutsche Fassung EN 1993-1-8:2005 + AC:2009, Ausgabe Dezember 2010  
DIN EN 1993-1-8/NA, Nationaler Anhang zur DIN EN 1993-1-8, Ausgabe Dezember 2010

ECCS Document No. 126: European Recommendations for the Design of Simple Joints in Steel Structures.  
ECCS TC10 - Structural Connections, 2009. J.P. Jaspart, J.F. Demonceau, S. Renkin, M.L. Guillaume

Klaus Weynand, Ralf Oerder: Typisierte Anschlüsse im Stahlhochbau nach DIN EN 1993-1-8,  
IS - Gelenkige Stirnplattenanschlüsse, IW - Gelenkige Winkelanschlüsse  
IG - Gelenkige Winkelanschlüsse mit großem Spalt, IK - Ausklinkungen,  
Stahlbau Verlags- und Service GmbH, Ausgabe 2013