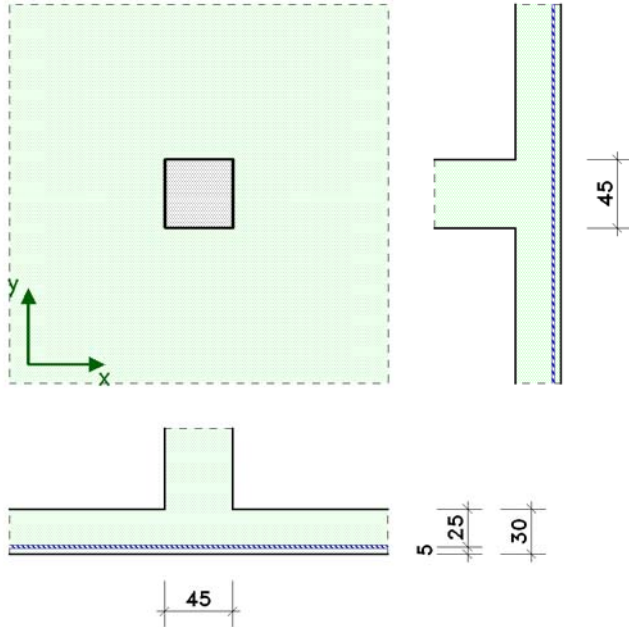


# POS. 56: FOUNDATION SLAB

## Punching shear calculation column on foundation slab

Acc. to DIN EN 1992-1-1 (EC 2, 1.11) with National Annex Germany  
(4H-STANZ version: 8/2012-1a)

scale 1:50



### spans

$$L_x = 4.00 \text{ m}$$

$$L_y = 4.00 \text{ m}$$

### anchored tension reinforcement

$$a_{s,zug,x} = 30.00 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$a_{s,zug,y} = 33.50 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

concrete strength class C35/45

steel class BSt 500 S(A)

## 1. Load

design values of punching shear load in centroid of load distribution

LK	notation	design situat.	$V_{Ed}$ kN	$M_{Ed,x}$ kNm	$M_{Ed,y}$ kNm	$\sigma_{Ed,gd,m}$ kN/m <sup>2</sup>
1	new load comb.	permanent	1400.00	200.00	50.00	0.00

$V_{Ed}$  - shear force     $M_{Ed,x}/M_{Ed,y}$  - moments     $\sigma_{Ed,gd,m}$  - mean ground pressure

## 2. Material safety factors

design situat.	$\gamma_c$	$\gamma_s$
permanent	1.50	1.15

## 3. Action within the basic control perimeter

$$V_{Ed,crit} = \beta \cdot (V_{Ed} + \Delta V_{Ed}) / (u_1 \cdot d)$$

$$\Delta V_{Ed} = A_{crit} \cdot \sigma_{Ed,gd,m}$$

$$\beta = 1 + \sqrt{(k_x \cdot M_{Ed,x} / V_{Ed} \cdot u_1 / W_{1,x})^2 + (k_y \cdot M_{Ed,y} / V_{Ed} \cdot u_1 / W_{1,y})^2} \geq 1.10$$

$$W_1 = \int |e| \, dl \quad \text{mit } dl: \text{differential of perimeter} \\ e: \text{distance of } dl \text{ to axis of } M_{Ed}$$

coefficient for the calculation of shear stresses from moment action

(acc. to [1], table 6.1)

$$c_1 = c_2 = 0.45 \Rightarrow k_x = k_y = 0.6$$

distance and length of the basic control perimeter

$$a_1 = 1 \cdot d = 25 \text{ cm} \Rightarrow u_1 = 3.37 \text{ m}$$

area under basic control perimeter

$$A_{crit} = 0.85 \text{ m}^2$$

moment of resistance alongside the basic control perimeter

- at moment action about the x-axis  $W_{1,x} = 1.13 \text{ m}^2$

- at moment action about the y-axis  $W_{1,y} = 1.13 \text{ m}^2$

LK	V <sub>Ed</sub> kN	ΔV <sub>Ed</sub> kN	M <sub>Ed,x</sub> kNm	M <sub>Ed,y</sub> kNm	β	V <sub>Ed,crit</sub> N/mm <sup>2</sup>
1	1400.00	0.00	200.00	50.00	1.26	2.098

W<sub>1</sub> - moment of resistance alongside the basic control perimeter ΔV<sub>Ed</sub> - resultant of ground pressure  
 β - load increase factor from eccentric load V<sub>Ed,crit</sub> - decisive shear stress within the basic control perimeter

#### 4. Punching shear resistance within the basic control perimeter

$$V_{Rd,c} = C_{Rd,c} \cdot k \cdot (100 \cdot \rho_{l,zug} \cdot f_{ck})^{1/3} \cdot 2 \cdot d / a \geq v_{min} \cdot 2 \cdot d / a \text{ [N/mm}^2\text{]}$$

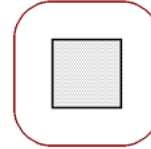
$$C_{Rd,c} = 0.18 / \gamma_c$$

$$k = 1 + \sqrt{200/d} \leq 2.0 \text{ with } d \text{ [mm]}$$

$$\rho_{l,zug,max} = \min(0.02, 0.5 \cdot f_{cd} / f_{yd})$$

$$\rho_{l,zug} = \sqrt{\rho_{lx,zug} \cdot \rho_{ly,zug}} \leq \rho_{l,zug,max}$$

$$v_{min} = 0.0525 / \gamma_c \cdot k^{3/2} \cdot f_{ck}^{1/2} \text{ for } d \leq 600 \text{ mm}$$



scale factor

$$k = 1 + \sqrt{200/250} = 1.89 < 2$$

longitudinal reinf. ratio of the anchored tension reinf.

mean of the tension reinforcement to the distance 3d from the column

$$\rho_{lx,zug} = 30/25 \cdot 10^{-2} = 0.012$$

$$\rho_{ly,zug} = 33.5/25 \cdot 10^{-2} = 0.0134$$

$$\rho_{l,zug} = \sqrt{0.012 \cdot 0.0134} = 0.01268$$

punching shear resistance without shear reinforcement

$$C_{Rd,c} = 0.18/1.5 = 0.12$$

$$\rho_{l,zug,max} = \min(0.02, 0.5 \cdot 19.83/434.78) = 0.02 > 0.0127$$

$$v_{min} \cdot 2 \cdot d / a = 0.0525/1.5 \cdot 1.89^{3/2} \cdot 35^{0.5} \cdot 2 \cdot 25/25 = 1.08 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$V_{Rd,c} = 0.12 \cdot 1.89 \cdot (100 \cdot 0.01268 \cdot 35)^{1/3} \cdot 2 \cdot 25/25 = 1.61 \text{ N/mm}^2 > 1.08 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

2.098 N/mm<sup>2</sup> > 1.61 N/mm<sup>2</sup> ⇒ shear reinforcement required

maximal load-bearing resistance

$$V_{Rd,max} = 1.4 \cdot V_{Rd,c}$$

$$V_{Rd,max} = 1.4 \cdot 1.61 = 2.254 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

2.098 N/mm<sup>2</sup> < 2.254 N/mm<sup>2</sup> ⇒ V<sub>Ed,crit</sub> enabled to resist with shear reinforcement

#### 5. Design calculation

minimum reinforcement of the first two reinforcement rows

$$A_{sw,1+2} = \beta \cdot (V_{Ed} + \Delta V_{Ed}) / f_{ywd,ef}$$

$$f_{ywd,ef} = 250 + 0.25 \cdot d \leq f_{ywd}$$

$$f_{ywd,ef} = 250 + 0.25 \cdot 250 = 312.5 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$f_{ywd} = 500/1.15 = 434.8 \text{ N/mm}^2 > 312.5 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$A_{sw,1+2} = 1.26 \cdot (1400 - 0) / 31.25 = 56.58 \text{ cm}^2$$

##### 5.1. Stirrup reinforcement rows

$$A_{sw,min} = 0.50 \cdot A_{sw,1+2} \text{ for 1. and 2. row}$$

$$A_{sw,min} = 0.33 \cdot A_{sw,1+2} \text{ from 3. row onwards}$$

$$A_{sw,min} = 0.08/1.5 \cdot f_{ck}^{0.5} / f_{yk} \cdot s_r \cdot u$$

bar diameter

$$\max \varnothing_{sw} \leq 0.05 \cdot 250 \approx 13 \text{ mm} \Rightarrow \text{selected } \varnothing 10$$

information on erection of 10er stirrups: both reinforcement layers have to be covered

Nr	A <sub>sw,min</sub> cm <sup>2</sup>	s <sub>r</sub> cm	l <sub>w</sub> cm	u m	A <sub>sw,min</sub> cm <sup>2</sup>	min n	selected leg	s <sub>t</sub> cm	A <sub>sw,exis</sub> cm <sup>2</sup>
1	28.29	7.5	7.5	2.27	1.07	7	38 Ø 10	6.0	29.85
2	28.29	12.5	20.0	3.06	2.41	9	38 Ø 10	8.0	29.85
3	18.67	18.8	38.8	4.23	5.01	9	24 Ø 10	17.6	18.85
4	18.67	18.8	57.5	5.41	6.40	11	24 Ø 10	22.6	18.85
5	18.67	18.8	76.3	6.59	7.80	14	24 Ø 10	27.5	18.85
6	18.67	18.8	95.0	7.77	9.19	16	24 Ø 10	32.4	18.85
7	18.67	18.8	113.8	8.95	10.59	18	24 Ø 10	37.3	18.85

permitted spacing of link legs:

$$s_t \leq 37.5 \text{ cm in der 1. and 2. Reihe}$$

$$s_t \leq 50.0 \text{ cm in der 3., 4., 5., 6. and 7. Reihe}$$

information on the positional tolerance:

acc. to [2] radial deflection up to ±0.2d (here ±5.0cm) concerning theoretical section allowed.

in contrast for foundations and foundation slabs the first row should lie exactly at 0.3d liegen.

s<sub>r</sub> - distance to preceding row in radial direction l<sub>w</sub> - distance to column edge u - length of effective control perimeter

A<sub>sw,min</sub> - minimum shear reinforcement of total row s<sub>t</sub> - mean spacing of link legs in section

## 5.2. Verification of outer control perimeter

shear resistance at a distance of  $1.5d$  from the last reinforcement row

$$V_{Rd,c} = C_{Rd,c} \cdot k \cdot (100 \cdot \rho_l \cdot z_{\text{zug}} \cdot f_{ck})^{1/3} \cdot 2 \cdot d / a \geq v_{\text{min}} \cdot 2 \cdot d / a \quad [\text{N/mm}^2]$$

$$C_{Rd,c} = 0.15 / \gamma_c$$

perimeter of outer control perimeter

$$l_{w,\text{out}} = 113.8 + 1.5 \cdot 25 = 151.3 \text{ cm} \Rightarrow u_{\text{out}} = 11.3 \text{ m}$$

reduction value from ground pressure in control perimeter

$$A_{\text{out}} = 10.112 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\Delta V_{Ed} = 10.112 \cdot 0 = 0 \text{ kN}$$

decisive shear stress

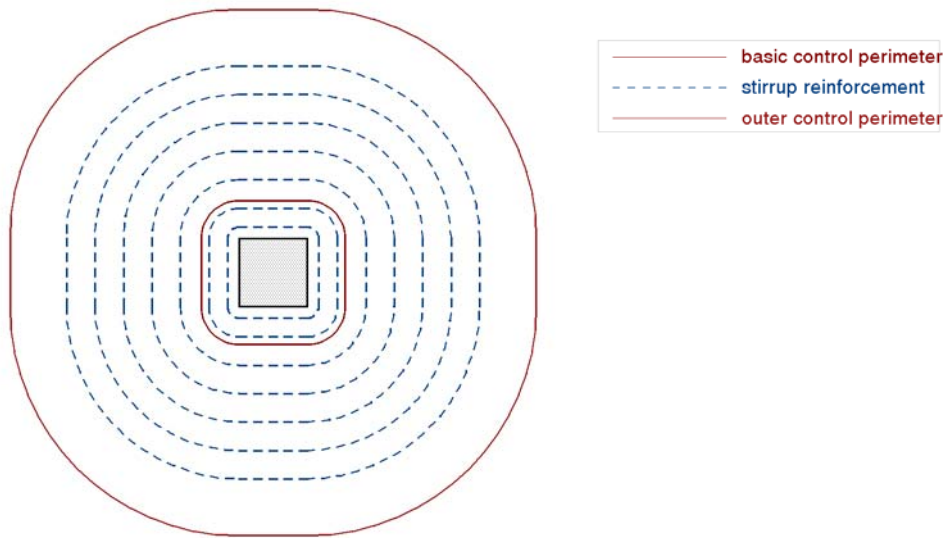
$$V_{Ed,\text{out}} = 1.26 \cdot (1.4 \cdot 0) / (11.3 \cdot 0.25) = 0.626 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

shear resistance

$$C_{Rd,c} = 0.15 / 1.5 = 0.1$$

$$V_{Rd,c} = 0.1 \cdot 1.89 \cdot (100 \cdot 0.01268 \cdot 35)^{1/3} = 0.671 \text{ N/mm}^2 > 0.54 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$0.626 \text{ N/mm}^2 < 0.671 \text{ N/mm}^2 \Rightarrow \text{Verification done}$$



## 6. Minimum longitudinal reinforcement to ensure shear resistance

acc. to [1] table tab. NA.6.1.1

reduction value from ground pressure below load distribution

$$A_{\text{Load}} = 0.203 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\Delta V_{Ed} = 0.203 \cdot 0 = 0 \text{ kN}$$

tension face	direction	$\eta$	$m_{Ed,\text{min}}$ kNm/m	$a_{su,\text{min}}$ cm <sup>2</sup> /m	$a_{so,\text{min}}$ cm <sup>2</sup> /m	distribution width m
top	x	0.125	175.00	17.00	----	1.20
	y	0.125	175.00	17.00	----	1.20

$\eta$  - moment coefficient  $m_{Ed,\text{min}} = \eta \cdot V_{Ed}$  - minimum design moment

[1] DIN EN 1992-1-1: Eurocode 2: Bemessung und Konstruktion von Stahlbeton- und Spannbetontragwerken, Teil 1-1, Januar 2011

[2] DAfStb Heft 525: Erläuterungen zu DIN 1045-1, 2. überarb. Aufl., Beuth, 2010